1	CHARTER SCHOOL AGREEMENTS AND RENEWALS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: V. Lowry Snow
5	Senate Sponsor:
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to charter agreements and the expiration and
10	renewal of charter agreements.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul><li>establishes the duration of charter agreements, including renewals;</li></ul>
14	<ul> <li>requires the State Board of Education to make rules regarding requirements for</li> </ul>
15	charter authorizers and charter agreements;
16	<ul> <li>requires charter agreements to include certain components regarding performance</li> </ul>
17	metrics and expiration;
18	<ul> <li>requires charter authorizers and charter schools to modify charter agreements to</li> </ul>
19	bring agreements into compliance; and
20	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	This bill provides revisor instructions.
25	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
26	AMENDS:
27	53G-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408



H.B. 265 01-28-22 3:12 PM

53G-5-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected by Revisor Instructions:</b>
53G-5-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>53G-5-205</b> is amended to read:
53G-5-205. Charter school authorizers Power and duties Charter application
minimum standard.
(1) The following entities are eligible to authorize charter schools:
(a) the State Charter School Board;
(b) a local school board; or
(c) a board of trustees of an institution in the state system of higher education as
described in Section 53B-1-102.
(2) A charter school authorizer shall, in conjunction with the charter contract term as
needed:
(a) [annually] review and evaluate the performance of charter schools authorized by the
authorizer and hold a charter school accountable for the school's performance; and
(b) monitor charter schools authorized by the authorizer for compliance with federal
and state laws, rules, and regulations.
(3) A charter school authorizer may:
(a) authorize and promote the establishment of charter schools, subject to the
provisions in this part;
(b) make recommendations on legislation and rules pertaining to charter schools to the
Legislature and state board, respectively;
(c) make recommendations to the state board on the funding of charter schools;
(d) provide technical support to charter schools and persons seeking to establish charter
schools by:
(i) identifying and promoting successful charter school models;
(ii) facilitating the application and approval process for charter school authorization;
(iii) directing charter schools and persons seeking to establish charter schools to
sources of funding and support;

01-28-22 3:12 PM H.B. 265

(iv) reviewing and evaluating proposals to establish charter schools for the purpose of supporting and strengthening proposals before an application for charter school authorization is submitted to a charter school authorizer; or (v) assisting charter schools to understand and carry out their charter obligations; or (e) provide technical support, as requested, to another charter school authorizer relating to charter schools. (4) Within 60 days after an authorizer's approval of an application for a new charter school, the state board may direct an authorizer to do the following if the authorizer or charter school applicant failed to follow statutory or state board rule requirements made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act: (a) reconsider the authorizer's approval of an application for a new charter school; and (b) correct deficiencies in the charter school application or authorizer's application process as described in statute or state board rule, made in accordance with Title 63G. Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, before approving the new application. (5) The state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules establishing minimum standards that a charter school authorizer is required to apply when: (a) evaluating a charter school application; or (b) monitoring charter school compliance. (6) The minimum standards described in Subsection (5) shall include: (a) reasonable consequences for an authorizer that fails to comply with statute or state board rule; (b) a process for an authorizer to review: (i) the skill and expertise of a proposed charter school's governing board; and (ii) the functioning operation of the charter school governing board of an authorized charter school; (c) a process for an authorizer to review the financial viability of a proposed charter

school's charter agreement;

school and of an authorized charter school; and

(d) a process to evaluate:

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

7273

74

75

76

77

78

79

80 81

82

83

84

85

8687

88

89

(i) how well an authorizer's authorized charter school complies with the charter

H.B. 265 01-28-22 3:12 PM

90	(ii) whether an authorizer's authorized charter school maintains reasonable academic
91	standards; and
92	(iii) standards that an authorizer is required to meet to demonstrate the authorizer's
93	capacity to oversee, monitor, and evaluate the charter schools the authorizer authorizes.
94	Section 2. Section <b>53G-5-303</b> is amended to read:
95	53G-5-303. Charter agreement Content Modification.
96	(1) As used in this section, "satellite charter school" means a charter school affiliated
97	with an operating charter school, which has the same charter school governing board and a
98	similar program of instruction, but has a different school number than the affiliated charter.
99	(2) (a) A charter agreement:
100	$\left[\frac{a}{a}\right]$ is a contract between the charter school applicant and the charter school
101	authorizer;
102	[(b)] (ii) shall describe the rights and responsibilities of each party; [and]
103	[ <del>(c)</del> ] (iii) shall allow for the operation of the applicant's proposed charter school[-]; and
104	(iv) subject to Subsection (2)(b), is for a term of five years.
105	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(iv):
106	(i) a high-performing charter school may enter into a renewal charter agreement with a
107	term of up to 10 years; and
108	(ii) the following may enter into a charter agreement with a term of less than five years:
109	(A) a low-performing charter school on renewal; and
110	(B) a new charter school.
111	(c) (i) A charter authorizer shall ensure that a charter agreement renewal is based on
112	objective performance measurements in academics, charter mission, enrollment, financial
113	viability, and governance.
114	(ii) The state board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
115	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish requirements for charter authorizers in relation to
116	charter agreements and renewals.
117	(3) A charter agreement shall include:
118	(a) the name of:
119	(i) the charter school; and
120	(ii) the charter school applicant;

01-28-22 3:12 PM H.B. 265

121	(b) the mission statement and purpose of the charter school,
122	(c) the charter school's opening date;
123	(d) the grade levels the charter school will serve;
124	(e) (i) subject to Section 53G-6-504, the maximum number of students a charter school
125	will serve; or
126	(ii) for an operating charter school with satellite charter schools, the maximum number
127	of students of all satellite charter schools collectively served by the operating charter school;
128	(f) a description of the structure of the charter school governing board, including:
129	(i) the number of charter school governing board members;
130	(ii) how members of the charter school governing board are appointed; and
131	(iii) charter school governing board members' terms of office;
132	(g) assurances that:
133	(i) the charter school governing board will comply with:
134	(A) the charter school's bylaws;
135	(B) the charter school's articles of incorporation; and
136	(C) applicable federal law, state law, and state board rules;
137	(ii) the charter school governing board will meet all reporting requirements described
138	in Section 53G-5-404; and
139	(iii) except as provided in Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, neither
140	the authorizer nor the state, including an agency of the state, is liable for the debts or financial
141	obligations of the charter school or a person who operates the charter school;
142	(h) which administrative rules the state board will waive for the charter school;
143	(i) minimum financial standards for operating the charter school;
144	(j) minimum standards for student achievement; [and]
145	(k) signatures of the charter school authorizer and the charter school governing board
146	members[ <del>-</del> ];
147	(1) minimum standards to measure the charter mission;
148	(m) minimum standards for the performance of the charter school governing board; and
149	(n) the date of expiration of the charter agreement.
150	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a charter agreement may not be
151	modified except by mutual agreement between the charter school authorizer and the charter

H.B. 265 01-28-22 3:12 PM

152	school governing board.
153	(b) A charter school governing board may modify the charter school's charter
154	agreement without the mutual agreement described in Subsection (4)(a) to include an
155	enrollment preference described in Subsection 53G-6-502(4)(g).
156	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d)(ii), no later than $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{January 1, 2023}] \underline{July 1}$ ,
156a	<u>2024</u> ←Ĥ <u>, each</u>
157	charter school and charter school authorizer shall modify a charter agreement in effect on the
158	effective date of this bill that does not include all of the components required under Subsection
159	(3) to bring the agreement into full compliance.
160	(d) For a charter authorizer with 10 or more charter schools, the authorizer shall ensure
161	that the following percentage of the authorizer's agreements include all of the components
162	required under Subsection (3):
163	(i) no later than July 1, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{2023}] \ \underline{2024} \leftarrow \hat{H} \ , 20\%;$
164	(ii) no later than July 1, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [2024]$ 2025 $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ , 40%;
165	(iii) no later than July 1, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [2025]$ 2026 $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ , 60%;
166	(iv) no later than July 1, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [2026]$ 2027 $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ , 80%; and
167	(v) no later than July 1, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [2027]$ 2028 $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ , 100%.
168	Section 3. Revisor instructions.
169	The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
170	preparing the Utah Code database for publication, replace the reference in Section 53G-5-303
171	from "the effective date of this bill" to the bill's actual effective date